

USP13 Antibody (aa500-550) Rabbit Polyclonal Antibody Catalog # ALS15266

Specification

USP13 Antibody (aa500-550) - Product Information

Application Primary Accession Reactivity

Host Clonality Calculated MW Dilution WB, IHC-P <u>O92995</u> Human, Mouse, Monkey, Horse, Bovine, Dog Rabbit Polyclonal 97kDa KDa WB~~1:1000 IHC-P~~N/A

USP13 Antibody (aa500-550) - Additional Information

Gene ID 8975

Other Names Ubiquitin carboxyl-terminal hydrolase 13, 3.4.19.12, Deubiquitinating enzyme 13, Isopeptidase T-3, ISOT-3, Ubiquitin thioesterase 13, Ubiquitin-specific-processing protease 13, USP13, ISOT3

Target/Specificity Human USP13

Reconstitution & Storage Store at 4°C for short term applications. For long term storage, aliquot and store at -20°C.

Precautions USP13 Antibody (aa500-550) is for research use only and not for use in diagnostic or therapeutic procedures.

USP13 Antibody (aa500-550) - Protein Information

Name USP13

Synonyms ISOT3

Function

Deubiquitinase that mediates deubiquitination of target proteins such as BECN1, MITF, SKP2 and USP10 and is involved in various processes such as autophagy, endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation (ERAD), cell cycle progression or DNA damage response (PubMed:21571647, PubMed:32772043, PubMed:33592542). Component of a regulatory loop that controls autophagy and p53/TP53 levels: mediates deubiquitination of



BECN1, a key regulator of autophagy, leading to stabilize the PIK3C3/VPS34-containing complexes. Alternatively, forms with NEDD4 a deubiquitination complex, which subsequently stabilizes VPS34 to promote autophagy (PubMed:32101753). Also deubiguitinates USP10, an essential regulator of p53/TP53 stability. In turn, PIK3C3/VPS34-containing complexes regulate USP13 stability, suggesting the existence of a regulatory system by which PIK3C3/VPS34-containing complexes regulate p53/TP53 protein levels via USP10 and USP13. Recruited by nuclear UFD1 and mediates deubiguitination of SKP2, thereby regulating endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation (ERAD). Also regulates ERAD through the deubiquitination of UBL4A a component of the BAG6/BAT3 complex. Mediates stabilization of SIAH2 independently of deubiguitinase activity: binds ubiguitinated SIAH2 and acts by impairing SIAH2 autoubiquitination. Regulates the cell cycle progression by stabilizing cell cycle proteins such as SKP2 and AURKB (PubMed: 32772043). In addition, plays an important role in maintaining genomic stability and in DNA replication checkpoint activation via regulation of RAP80 and TOPBP1 (PubMed:33592542). Deubiguitinates the multifunctional protein HMGB1 and subsequently drives its nucleocytoplasmic localization and its secretion (PubMed:36585612). Positively regulates type I and type II interferon signalings by deubiquitinating STAT1 but negatively regulates antiviral response by deubiquitinating STING1 (PubMed:23940278, PubMed:28534493).

Cellular Location Cytoplasm.

Tissue Location Highly expressed in ovary and testes.

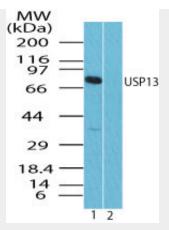
USP13 Antibody (aa500-550) - Protocols

Provided below are standard protocols that you may find useful for product applications.

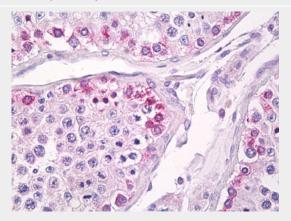
- <u>Western Blot</u>
- Blocking Peptides
- Dot Blot
- Immunohistochemistry
- Immunofluorescence
- Immunoprecipitation
- Flow Cytomety
- <u>Cell Culture</u>

USP13 Antibody (aa500-550) - Images





Western blot of USP13 in human spleen lysate in the 1) absence and 2) presence of immunizing...



Anti-USP13 antibody IHC of human testis.

USP13 Antibody (aa500-550) - Background

Deubiquitinase that mediates deubiquitination of target proteins such as BECN1, MITF, SKP2 and USP10 and is involved in various processes such as autophagy and endoplasmic reticulumassociated degradation (ERAD). Component of a regulatory loop that controls autophagy and p53/TP53 levels: mediates deubiquitination of BECN1, a key regulator of autophagy, leading to stabilize the PIK3C3/VPS34-containing complexes. Also deubiquitinates USP10, an essential regulator of p53/TP53 stability. In turn, PIK3C3/VPS34- containing complexes regulate USP13 stability, suggesting the existence of a regulatory system by which PIK3C3/VPS34-containing complexes regulate p53/TP53 protein levels via USP10 and USP13. Recruited by nuclear UFD1 and mediates deubiquitination of SKP2, thereby regulating endoplasmic reticulum-associated degradation (ERAD). Mediates stabilization of SIAH2 independently of deubiquitinase activity: binds ubiquitinated SIAH2 and acts by impairing SIAH2 autoubiquitination. Has a weak deubiquitinase activity in vitro and preferentially cleaves 'Lys-63'-linked polyubiquitin chains. In contrast to USP5, it is not able to mediate unanchored polyubiquitin disassembly. Able to cleave ISG15 in vitro; however, additional experiments are required to confirm such data.

USP13 Antibody (aa500-550) - References

Timms K.M.,et al.Gene 217:101-106(1998). Ota T.,et al.Nat. Genet. 36:40-45(2004). Muzny D.M.,et al.Nature 440:1194-1198(2006). Mural R.J.,et al.Submitted (SEP-2005) to the EMBL/GenBank/DDBJ databases. Catic A.,et al.PLoS ONE 2:E679-E679(2007).